GENERAL INFORMATION

- Keep the order of slides the same as this template.
- Limit the number of slides to about 35.
- Add graphics to illustrate concepts.
- Cite references, illustrations on slides.
- Avoid a owding the side with too much text.
- Best font size: 32.
- Font size smaller than 24 will be difficult to read.

GENERAL INFORMATION: SLIDE DESIGN

- Choose an esthetic design that enhances, and does not detract from, the presentation.
- Text should be easily readable, not crowded.
- The easiest typeface to read are sans serif fonts, that is, without serifs.
 - For example, Times New Roman is a serif typeface while Arial,
 Corbel and Lucida Sans are sans serif typefaces.

GENERAL INFORMATION PRESENTATIONS

- D4 Case presentation: 10 minutes
- D1 Basic Science presentation: 5 minutes
- D2 Pathology presentation: 5 minutes
- D3 PICO CAT presentation: 10 minutes
- 30 minutes of student presentation will be followed by 10 minutes of discussion.

IMPORTANT:

- All patient information must be de-identified
 - Radiographs
 - Images
 - Charts and odontograms
 - No names

TEMPLATE SLIDES: #5-38 DELETE SLIDES #1-4 FROM PRESENTATION

2020 FALL ROUNDS

EVIDENCE BASED DENTISTRY ROUNDS SPECIALTY: PUBLIC HEALTH

GROUP 4B DATE: 11/18/20

ROUNDS TEAM

- Group Leader: Dr. Grady
- Specialty Leader: Dr. Okunseri
- Project Team Leader: Shannon Burns
- Project Team Participants: Kelsey Cho, Hannah Punnoose, Lauren Eskoz

PATIENT

- I-2 slides, patient background
- 72
- Female
- Caucasian
- Chief Complaint
- Additional pertinent information
- Information is de-identified throughout presentation

MEDICAL HISTORY

- I slide describing medical history
- Current & past:
 - Diagnoses
 - Conditions
 - Medications
 - Medical Consults, if any
 - Treatment considerations

DENTAL HISTORY

I slide describing past dental history

RADIOGRAPHS

Panoramic image (if available)

RADIOGRAPHS

- Full mouth series (BWX & PAX)
- Although all BWX and periapical radiographs could be placed on this side, it will be hard to read
- Recommendations:
 - Show overall FMX on this slide
 - Show necessary close-up views on separate slide(s)
 - Zoom in on, or enlarge, relevant views of areas of interest.
 - Insert arrow, or other indicator, to draw attention to findings.
 Correlate with list of pertinent radiologic findings.

RADIOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

- I slide summarizing pertinent radiologic findings
- Illustrate with radiograph and/or other graphics as needed

CLINICAL FINDINGS

- I slide describing all clinical findings
- Clinical photos I-2 slides
 - Relevant extraoral &/or intra-oral views
- Photos of casts I-2 slides
 - Mounted on articulator
 - Same views as intraoral photos
 - Occlusal maxilla, mandible
 - Open, closed
 - Anterior, lateral
 - In occlusion, excursions
 - Show excursions from posterior to molar view

SPECIFIC FINDINGS

- List findings specific to the Rounds discussion, I slide
- To enhance viewing, include close-ups of clinical photos, cast photos, radiographs,
 - add slides as needed

PERIODONTAL CHARTING

- Ensure that the periodontal charting is readable.
- Highlight, surround, point to, or **ZOOM** in on areas

of interest.

zoom in

DIAGNOSIS

Diagnosis pertaining to Rounds discussion,

I slide

PROBLEM LIST

- I slide
- Include graphics as needed

DI BASIC SCIENCE

- 1-2 slides (Summarizes written report in D1 Basic Sciences Template posted in Rounds Website.)
- D1 Basic Science Question:
- Discussion:
- Reference citation(s):
 - Scholarly source(s) only

D2 PATHOLOGY

- 1-2 slides (Summarizes written report in D2 Pathology Template posted in Rounds Website.)
- D2 Pathology Question:
- Discussion:
- Reference citation(s):

D3 PICO

Clinical Question:

PICO FORMAT

P:

1:

C:

O:

PICO FORMATTED QUESTION

CLINICAL BOTTOM LINE

SEARCH BACKGROUND

- Date(s) of Search:
- Database(s) Used:
- Search Strategy/Keywords:

SEARCH BACKGROUND

MESH terms used:

ARTICLE I CITATION, INTRODUCTION

- Citation: Authors, Title, Journal, Date, Volume, Page Numbers.
- Study Design:
- Study Need / Purpose:

ARTICLE I SYNOPSIS

- I-2 slides
- Method
- Results
- Conclusions
- Limitations

ARTICLE I SELECTION

- I slide
- Reason for selection
- Applicability to your patient
- Implications

ARTICLE 2 CITATION, INTRODUCTION

- Citation: Authors, Title, Journal, Date, Volume, Page Numbers.
- Study Design:
- Study Need / Purpose:

ARTICLE 2 SYNOPSIS

- I-2 slides
- Method
- Results
- Conclusions
- Limitations

ARTICLE 2 SELECTION

- I slide
- Reason for selection
- Applicability to your patient
- Implications

LEVELS OF EVIDENCE

☐ 1a – Clinical Practice Guideline, Meta-Analysis, Systematic Review of Randomized Control
Trials (RCTs)
□ 1b – Individual RCT
□ 2a – Systematic Review of Cohort Studies
□ 2b – Individual Cohort Study
□ 3 – Cross-sectional Studies, Ecologic Studies, "Outcomes" Research
☐ 4a – Systematic Review of Case Control Studies
☐ 4b — Individual Case Control Study
□ 5 – Case Series, Case Reports
☐ 6 – Expert Opinion without explicit critical appraisal, Narrative Review
□ 7 – Animal Research
□ 8 – In Vitro Research

STRENGTH OF RECOMMENDATION TAXONOMY (SORT)

A – Consistent, good quality patient oriented evidence **B** – Inconsistent or limited quality patient oriented evidence **C** – Consensus, disease oriented evidence, usual practice, expert opinion, or case series for studies of diagnosis, treatment, prevention, or screening

CONCLUSIONS: D3

How does the evidence apply to this patient?

- Consider/weigh:
 - Literature
 - Group Leader & Specialist experience
 - Patient circumstances & preferences

Based on the above considerations, how will you advise your D4?

CONCLUSIONS: D4

Based on your D3's bottom line recommendations, how will you *advise* your patient?

How will you help your patient?

DISCUSSION QUESTIONS

- I-2 slides
- List posted discussion questions
- Questions may also be from Group Leader or Specialist

DISCUSSION QUESTIONS

THANK YOU